

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the Quarterly Period Ended **March 31, 2026**
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the Transition Period From ___ to
Commission File Number **0-21886**

BARRETT BUSINESS SERVICES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
Incorporation or organization)

**8100 NE Parkway Drive
Vancouver, Washington**
(Address of principal executive offices)

52-0812977
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

98662
(Zip Code)

(360) 828-0700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 Per Share	BBSI	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 22, 2026, 24,559,649 shares of the registrant's common stock (\$0.01 par value) were outstanding.

BARRETT BUSINESS SERVICES, INC.
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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Par Value)

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,582	\$ 95,033
Investments	55,290	62,154
Trade accounts receivable, net	293,612	248,626
Income taxes receivable	—	2,965
Prepaid expenses and other	29,410	18,652
Restricted cash and investments	123,119	97,210
Total current assets	538,013	524,640
Property, equipment and software, net	70,785	67,230
Operating lease right-of-use assets	24,335	23,218
Restricted cash and investments	93,801	106,216
Goodwill	47,820	47,820
Other assets	8,386	9,869
Deferred income taxes	84	74
Total assets	\$ 783,224	\$ 779,067
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,869	\$ 7,433
Accrued payroll and related benefits	263,178	237,783
Payroll taxes payable	69,311	62,463
Income taxes payable	7,337	—
Current operating lease liabilities	7,169	6,969
Current premium payable	70,689	38,992
Other accrued liabilities	9,621	19,357
Workers' compensation claims liabilities	31,538	32,875
Total current liabilities	464,712	405,872
Long-term workers' compensation claims liabilities	70,272	75,709
Long-term premium payable	11,315	26,025
Long-term operating lease liabilities	18,408	17,484
Customer deposits and other long-term liabilities	12,851	12,977
Total liabilities	577,558	538,067
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4 and 6)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 82,000 shares authorized, 24,556 and 25,179 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively	246	252
Additional paid-in capital	46,902	46,121
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(11,875)	(11,487)
Retained earnings	170,393	206,114
Total stockholders' equity	205,666	241,000
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 783,224	\$ 779,067

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Revenues:		
Professional employer services	\$ 292,997	\$ 274,926
Staffing services	14,008	17,640
Total revenues	<u>307,005</u>	<u>292,566</u>
Cost of revenues:		
Direct payroll costs	10,482	13,306
Payroll taxes	174,096	169,390
Benefit costs	27,448	17,616
Workers' compensation	51,794	49,630
Total cost of revenues	<u>263,820</u>	<u>249,942</u>
Gross margin	43,185	42,624
Selling, general and administrative expenses	47,480	44,838
Depreciation and amortization	2,173	1,958
Loss from operations	<u>(6,468)</u>	<u>(4,172)</u>
Other income (expense):		
Investment income, net	2,022	2,620
Interest expense	(42)	(44)
Other, net	50	58
Other income, net	<u>2,030</u>	<u>2,634</u>
Loss before income taxes	(4,438)	(1,538)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	10,365	(517)
Net loss	<u>\$ (14,803)</u>	<u>\$ (1,021)</u>
Basic loss per common share	<u>\$ (0.59)</u>	<u>\$ (0.04)</u>
Weighted average number of basic common shares outstanding	<u>25,031</u>	<u>25,809</u>
Diluted loss per common share	<u>\$ (0.59)</u>	<u>\$ (0.04)</u>
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding	<u>25,031</u>	<u>25,809</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net loss	\$ (14,803)	\$ (1,021)
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments, net of tax of (\$10) and \$1,166 in 2026 and 2025, respectively	(388)	3,108
Comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (15,191)</u>	<u>\$ 2,087</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
Three Months Ended March 31, 2026
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings	Total
	Shares	Amount				
Balance, December 31, 2025	<u>25,179</u>	<u>\$ 252</u>	<u>\$ 46,121</u>	<u>\$ (11,487)</u>	<u>\$ 206,114</u>	<u>\$ 241,000</u>
Common stock issued on exercise of options, purchase of ESPP shares and vesting of restricted stock units and performance awards	119	1	560	—	—	561
Common stock repurchased on vesting of restricted stock units and performance awards	(41)	—	(1,277)	—	—	(1,277)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	2,837	—	—	2,837
Company repurchases of common stock	(701)	(7)	(1,339)	—	(18,939)	(20,285)
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.08 per share)	—	—	—	—	(1,979)	(1,979)
Unrealized loss on investments, net of tax	—	—	—	(388)	—	(388)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(14,803)	(14,803)
Balance, March 31, 2026	<u>24,556</u>	<u>\$ 246</u>	<u>\$ 46,902</u>	<u>\$ (11,875)</u>	<u>\$ 170,393</u>	<u>\$ 205,666</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
Three Months Ended March 31, 2025
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings	Total
	Shares	Amount				
Balance, December 31, 2024	<u>25,784</u>	<u>\$ 258</u>	<u>\$ 40,396</u>	<u>\$ (19,245)</u>	<u>\$ 199,995</u>	<u>\$ 221,404</u>
Common stock issued on exercise of options, purchase of ESPP shares and vesting of restricted stock units and performance awards	179	2	691	—	—	693
Common stock repurchased on vesting of restricted stock units and performance awards	(56)	(1)	(2,271)	—	—	(2,272)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	2,658	—	—	2,658
Company repurchases of common stock	(229)	(2)	(366)	—	(8,792)	(9,160)
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.08 per share)	—	—	—	—	(2,059)	(2,059)
Unrealized gain on investments, net of tax	—	—	—	3,108	—	3,108
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(1,021)	(1,021)
Balance, March 31, 2025	<u>25,678</u>	<u>\$ 257</u>	<u>\$ 41,108</u>	<u>\$ (16,137)</u>	<u>\$ 188,123</u>	<u>\$ 213,351</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (14,803)	\$ (1,021)
Reconciliations of net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,173	1,958
Non-cash operating lease expense	1,761	1,618
Net investment amortization (accretion) and losses (gains) recognized	265	(14)
Deferred income taxes	—	23
Share-based compensation	2,837	2,658
Changes in certain operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable	(44,986)	(26,758)
Income taxes	10,302	(570)
Prepaid expenses and other	(10,758)	(10,804)
Accounts payable	(1,564)	847
Accrued payroll and related benefits	25,120	15,670
Payroll taxes payable	6,848	15,357
Other accrued liabilities	(9,215)	(941)
Premium payable	16,987	15,923
Workers' compensation claims liabilities	(5,268)	(7,152)
Operating lease liabilities	(1,754)	(1,607)
Other assets and liabilities, net	(23)	24
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(22,078)	5,211
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, equipment and software	(5,728)	(4,514)
Purchase of investments	—	(5,468)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	6,650	5,685
Purchase of restricted investments	(1,425)	(33,705)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of restricted investments	3,782	6,024
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,279	(31,978)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repurchases of common stock	(20,285)	(9,160)
Common stock repurchased on vesting of restricted stock units and performance awards	(1,277)	(2,272)
Dividends paid	(1,979)	(2,059)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and purchase of ESPP shares	561	693
Net cash used in financing activities	(22,980)	(12,798)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(41,779)	(39,565)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	126,334	82,588
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 84,555</u>	<u>\$ 43,023</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Barrett Business Services, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation of Interim Period Statements

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared by Barrett Business Services, Inc. ("BBSI", the "Company", "our" or "we"), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and note disclosures typically included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. The accompanying condensed financial statements are prepared on a consolidated basis. All intercompany account balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from such estimates and assumptions. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K at pages 35 - 64. The results of operations for an interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full year.

Reportable segment

BBSI has one operating and reportable segment which provides business management solutions to small and mid-sized companies. The Company's Chief Executive Officer is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM is provided financial information presented on a consolidated basis, including consolidated gross margin and consolidated net income (loss), to assess the financial performance of the Company and to decide how to allocate resources, including by reinvesting profits into our single operating segment or pursuing other strategic initiatives, such as stock repurchases or acquisitions. The financial information presented to the CODM, including the expense categories, is consistent with the financial information contained in these consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies of our reportable segment are the same as those of the consolidated entity.

BBSI derives revenue exclusively in the United States and all of the Company's long-lived assets are located in the United States.

Revenue recognition

Professional employer ("PEO") services are normally used by organizations to satisfy ongoing needs related to the management of human capital and are governed by the terms of a client services agreement which covers all employees at a particular work site. Staffing revenues relate primarily to short-term staffing, contract staffing and on-site management services. The Company's performance obligations for PEO and staffing services are satisfied, and the related revenue is recognized, as services are rendered by our workforce.

Our PEO client service agreements have a minimum term of one year, are renewable on an annual basis and typically require 30 days' written notice to cancel or terminate the contract by either party. In addition, our client service agreements provide for immediate termination upon any payment default of the client regardless of when notice is given. PEO customers are invoiced following the end of each payroll processing cycle, with payment generally due on the invoice date. Staffing customers are typically invoiced weekly based on agreed rates per employee and actual hours worked, generally with payment terms of 30 days. The amount of earned but unbilled revenue is classified as a receivable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

We report PEO revenues net of direct payroll costs because we are not the primary obligor for these payments to our clients' employees. Direct payroll costs include salaries and wages, client-provided health insurance, and employee out-of-pocket expenses incurred incidental to employment.

Cost of revenues

Our cost of revenues for PEO services includes employer payroll-related taxes, workers' compensation costs and employee benefits costs. Our cost of revenues for staffing services includes direct payroll costs, employer payroll-related taxes, and workers' compensation costs. Direct payroll costs represent the gross payroll earned by staffing services employees based on salary or hourly wages. Payroll taxes consist of the employer's portion of Social Security and Medicare taxes and federal and state unemployment taxes. Benefit costs primarily comprise health insurance premiums paid to third-party carriers as part of our fully insured PEO benefits programs and underwriting and benefit consultant payroll. Workers' compensation costs consist primarily of premiums paid to third-party insurers, claims reserves, third-party broker commissions, risk manager payroll, claims administration fees, legal fees, medical cost containment ("MCC") expense, state administrative agency fees, as well as costs associated with operating our two wholly owned insurance companies, Associated Insurance Company for Excess ("AICE") and Ecole Insurance Company ("Ecole").

Cash and cash equivalents

We consider non-restricted short-term investments that are highly liquid, readily convertible into cash, and have maturities at acquisition of less than three months to be cash equivalents for purposes of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company maintains cash balances in bank accounts that normally exceed FDIC insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses related to its cash concentration.

Investments

The Company classifies investments as available-for-sale. The Company's investments are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of taxes, shown as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity. Investments are recorded as current on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as the invested funds are available for current operations. Management considers available evidence in evaluating potential impairment of investments, including the extent to which fair value is less than cost and adverse conditions related to the security. In the event of a credit loss, an allowance would be recognized to the extent that the fair value of the security is less than the present value of the expected future cash flows. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are included in investment income, net in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. Investment income, net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations includes interest income of \$1.9 million and \$2.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Restricted cash and investments

The Company holds restricted cash and investments primarily for the future payment of insurance premiums and workers' compensation claims. These investments are categorized as available-for-sale. They are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of taxes, shown as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity. Restricted cash and investments are classified as current and noncurrent on the condensed consolidated balance sheets based on the nature of the restriction. Management considers available evidence in evaluating potential impairment of restricted investments, including the extent to which fair value is less than cost and adverse conditions related to the security. In the event of a credit loss, an allowance would be recognized to the extent that the fair value of the security is less than the present value of the expected future cash flows. Realized gains and losses on sales of restricted investments are included in investment income in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Restricted cash and investments also includes investments held as part of the Company's deferred compensation plan. These investments are classified as trading securities and are recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported as a component of income (loss) from operations.

Trade accounts receivable

PEO customers are invoiced following the end of each payroll processing cycle, with payment generally due on the invoice date, and staffing customers are generally invoiced weekly with payment terms of 30 days. The balance in trade accounts receivable comprises primarily unbilled receivables of \$284.7 million and \$241.5 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. The remaining balance of \$9.3 million and \$7.5 million in trade accounts receivable at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, is primarily related to outstanding billings to staffing and PEO clients, offset by an allowance for expected credit losses of \$0.4 million at each of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Company had an allowance for expected credit losses of \$0.4 million at each of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. We make estimates of the collectability of our accounts receivable for services provided to our customers based on future expected credit losses. Management analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customers' payment trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for expected credit losses. If the financial condition of our customers deteriorates, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Workers' compensation costs

For all claims incurred under the Company's self-insured workers' compensation programs, we record an estimate for the total amount of workers' compensation costs, which represents the amount necessary to pay claims and related expenses associated with workplace injuries that have occurred under the self-insured program.

In addition to our self-insured program, the Company provides workers' compensation coverage through a fully insured arrangement. The Company's fully insured policies allow for return premiums if claims develop favorably, ranging from \$20.0 million to \$30.0 million depending on the policy period. For the policy period beginning July 1, 2021, BBSI can incur additional premiums up to \$7.5 million if claims develop adversely. For all other policy years, no additional premiums can be charged based on claim performance. Our estimate of the losses associated with workers' compensation claims directly impacts our estimate of the return premiums we may realize or the additional premiums that we may incur.

When a claim involving a probable loss is reported, our independent third-party administrator for workers' compensation claims ("TPA") establishes a case reserve for the estimated amount of ultimate loss. The estimate reflects a judgment based on established case reserving practices and the experience and knowledge of the TPA regarding the nature and expected amount of the claim, as well as the estimated expenses of settling the claim, including legal and other fees and expenses of claims administration. The adequacy of such case reserves depends in part on the professional judgment of the TPA to evaluate the economic consequences of each claim properly and comprehensively.

Our estimate of ultimate losses includes an additional component for potential future increases in the cost to finally resolve open injury claims and claims incurred in prior periods but not reported (together, "IBNR") based on actuarial estimates provided by the Company's independent actuary. IBNR does not apply to a specific claim but rather applies to the entire population of claims arising from a specific time period. IBNR primarily covers costs relating to:

- Future claim payments in excess of case reserves on recorded open claims;
- Additional claim payments on closed claims; and
- Claims that have occurred but have not yet been reported to us.

The process of estimating claims and claims adjustment expense involves a high degree of judgment and is affected by both internal and external events, including changes in claims handling practices, modifications in reserve estimation procedures, changes in individuals involved in the reserve estimation process, inflation, trends in the litigation and settlement of pending claims, and legislative changes.

Our estimates are based on actuarial analyses and informed judgment, derived from individual experience and expertise applied to multiple sets of data and analyses. We consider significant facts and circumstances known both at the time that loss reserves are initially established and as new facts and circumstances become known. Due to the inherent uncertainty underlying loss estimates, the ultimate expense incurred will likely vary from the related loss estimate at the reporting date. Therefore, as specific claims are paid out in the future, actual paid losses may be materially different from our current loss estimates.

A basic premise in most actuarial analyses is that historical data and past patterns demonstrated in the incurred and paid historical data form a reasonable basis upon which to project future outcomes, absent a material change. Significant structural changes to the available data can materially impact the estimation process. To the extent a material change affecting the ultimate claim amount becomes known, such change is quantified to the extent possible through an analysis of internal company data and, if available and when appropriate, external data. Actuaries exercise a considerable degree of judgment in the evaluation of these factors and the need for such actuarial judgment is more pronounced when faced with material uncertainties.

Customer deposits

We require deposits from certain PEO and staffing customers to cover a portion of our accounts receivable due from such customers in the event of default of payment.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes all changes in equity during a period except those that resulted from transactions with the Company's stockholders.

Other comprehensive income (loss) comprises unrealized holding gains and losses on our available-for-sale investments, net of tax.

Statements of cash flows

Interest paid during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 did not materially differ from interest expense. Income taxes paid net of income tax refunds received by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 were not material.

Bank deposits and other cash equivalents that are restricted for use are classified as restricted cash. The table below reconciles the cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash balances from our condensed consolidated balance sheets to the amounts reported on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,582	\$ 95,033	\$ 31,977	\$ 55,367
Restricted cash included in restricted cash and investments	47,973	31,301	11,046	27,221
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statements of cash flows	<u>\$ 84,555</u>	<u>\$ 126,334</u>	<u>\$ 43,023</u>	<u>\$ 82,588</u>

Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for each year using the treasury method. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential effects of the issuance of shares in connection with the exercise of outstanding stock options, vesting of outstanding restricted stock units and performance share units, and the Company's employee stock purchase plan. Basic and diluted shares outstanding are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Weighted average number of basic shares outstanding	25,031	25,809
Effect of dilutive securities	—	—
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding	<u>25,031</u>	<u>25,809</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, 594,384 and 593,988 potential common shares, respectively, related to stock options, restricted stock units, performance share units, and the employee stock purchase plan have been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

Accounting estimates

The preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Estimates are used for fair value measurement of investments, allowance for expected credit losses, deferred income taxes, carrying values for goodwill and property, equipment and software, and accrued workers' compensation liabilities. Actual results may or may not differ from such estimates.

Reclassifications

To conform to the current period's presentation, prior period payroll taxes and benefits on the consolidated statements of operations of \$187.0 million was disaggregated into payroll taxes of \$169.4 million and benefit costs of \$17.6 million.

Recent accounting pronouncements

The following Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs) have been recently issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses ("DISE")*

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, which requires disclosure of specified information about certain costs and expenses in the notes to interim and annual financial statements. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments in this ASU should be applied either (1) prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date or (2) retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We are evaluating the impact of this new accounting standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We do not expect that the adoption of this ASU will have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

ASU 2025-06, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, which amends the capitalization criteria of software development costs. The ASU eliminates the prior project-stage model and implements a probable-to-complete recognition threshold. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027 and interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual reporting period. The amendments in this ASU should be applied using either a prospective transition approach, modified transition approach, or retrospective transition approach. We are evaluating the impact of this new accounting standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We do not expect that the adoption of this ASU will have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Note 2 - Fair Value Measurement

The following table summarizes the Company's investments at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026				December 31, 2025			
	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis
Current:								
Cash equivalents:								
Money market funds	\$ 15,338	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 15,338	\$ 44,394	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 44,394
Total cash equivalents	15,338	—	—	15,338	44,394	—	—	44,394
Investments:								
Corporate bonds	21,265	2	(1,255)	20,012	27,827	5	(1,238)	26,594
U.S. treasuries	14,260	—	(639)	13,621	14,261	—	(634)	13,627
Mortgage-backed securities	11,004	—	(2,075)	8,929	11,174	—	(2,026)	9,148
Asset-backed securities	7,548	—	(65)	7,483	7,564	17	(63)	7,518
U.S. government agency securities	5,287	—	(42)	5,245	5,309	—	(42)	5,267
Total current investments	59,364	2	(4,076)	55,290	66,135	22	(4,003)	62,154
Restricted cash and investments ⁽¹⁾ :								
Corporate bonds	78,187	3	(3,955)	74,235	79,178	8	(3,876)	75,310
U.S. treasuries	51,785	—	(3,891)	47,894	51,809	—	(3,767)	48,042
Mortgage-backed securities	31,528	2	(4,077)	27,453	32,560	10	(4,000)	28,570
Mutual funds	12,956	—	—	12,956	13,602	—	—	13,602
U.S. government agency securities	5,940	—	(344)	5,596	5,947	—	(336)	5,611
Money market funds	1,786	—	—	1,786	486	—	—	486
Asset-backed securities	806	7	—	813	980	11	—	991
Total restricted cash and investments	182,988	12	(12,267)	170,733	184,562	29	(11,979)	172,612
Total investments	\$ 257,690	\$ 14	\$ (16,343)	\$ 241,361	\$ 295,091	\$ 51	\$ (15,982)	\$ 279,160

⁽¹⁾ Included in restricted cash and investments within the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 is restricted cash of \$46.2 million and \$30.8 million, respectively, which is excluded from the table above. Restricted cash and investments are classified as current and noncurrent on the balance sheet based on the nature of the restriction.

The following table summarizes the Company's investments at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 measured at fair value on a recurring basis by fair value hierarchy level (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026				December 31, 2025			
	Total Recorded Basis	Level 1	Level 2	Other ⁽¹⁾	Total Recorded Basis	Level 1	Level 2	Other ⁽¹⁾
Cash equivalents:								
Money market funds	\$ 15,338	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 15,338	\$ 44,394	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 44,394
Investments:								
Corporate bonds	20,012	—	20,012	—	26,594	—	26,594	—
U.S. treasuries	13,621	—	13,621	—	13,627	—	13,627	—
Mortgage-backed securities	8,929	—	8,929	—	9,148	—	9,148	—
Asset-backed securities	7,483	—	7,483	—	7,518	—	7,518	—
U.S. government agency securities	5,245	—	5,245	—	5,267	—	5,267	—
Restricted cash and investments:								
Corporate bonds	74,235	—	74,235	—	75,310	—	75,310	—
U.S. treasuries	47,894	—	47,894	—	48,042	—	48,042	—
Mortgage-backed securities	27,453	—	27,453	—	28,570	—	28,570	—
Mutual funds	12,956	12,956	—	—	13,602	13,602	—	—
U.S. government agency securities	5,596	—	5,596	—	5,611	—	5,611	—
Money market funds	1,786	—	—	1,786	486	—	—	486
Asset-backed securities	813	—	813	—	991	—	991	—
Total investments	\$ 241,361	\$ 12,956	\$ 211,281	\$ 17,124	\$ 279,160	\$ 13,602	\$ 220,678	\$ 44,880

⁽¹⁾ Investments in money market funds measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient are not subject to hierarchy level classification disclosure. The Company invests in money market funds that seek to maintain a stable net asset value. These investments include commingled funds that comprise high-quality short-term securities representing liquid debt and monetary instruments where the redemption value is likely to be the fair value. Redemption is permitted daily without written notice.

The following table summarizes the contractual maturities of the Company's available-for-sale securities at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties. The table also includes money market funds, which are classified as cash and cash equivalents on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(In thousands)	March 31, 2026				
	Less than 1 Year	Between 1 to 5 Years	Between 5 to 10 Years	After 10 Years	Total
Corporate bonds	\$ 15,835	\$ 74,246	\$ 4,166	\$ —	\$ 94,247
U.S. treasuries	3,249	58,266	—	—	61,515
Money market funds	17,124	—	—	—	17,124
U.S. government agency securities	2,092	8,749	—	—	10,841
Asset-backed securities	—	408	150	7,738	8,296
Total	\$ 38,300	\$ 141,669	\$ 4,316	\$ 7,738	\$ 192,023

(In thousands)	December 31, 2025				
	Less than 1 Year	Between 1 to 5 Years	Between 5 to 10 Years	After 10 Years	Total
Corporate bonds	\$ 11,486	\$ 85,088	\$ 5,330	\$ —	\$ 101,904
U.S. treasuries	3,237	49,405	9,027	—	61,669
Money market funds	44,880	—	—	—	44,880
U.S. government agency securities	2,096	8,782	—	—	10,878
Asset-backed securities	—	578	151	7,780	8,509
Total	\$ 61,699	\$ 143,853	\$ 14,508	\$ 7,780	\$ 227,840

The average contractual maturity of mortgage-backed securities, which are excluded from the table above, was 20 years as of each of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The fair values and gross unrealized losses of the Company's available for sale securities that were in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, were as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses
Investments:						
Corporate bonds	\$ 885	\$ (126)	\$ 18,929	\$ (1,129)	\$ 19,814	\$ (1,255)
U.S. treasuries	—	—	13,621	(639)	13,621	(639)
Mortgage-backed securities	—	—	8,929	(2,075)	8,929	(2,075)
Asset-backed securities	—	—	7,483	(65)	7,483	(65)
U.S. government agency securities	—	—	5,245	(42)	5,245	(42)
Total investments	885	(126)	54,207	(3,950)	55,092	(4,076)
Restricted investments:						
Corporate bonds	—	—	73,525	(3,956)	73,525	(3,956)
U.S. treasuries	726	(6)	47,168	(3,885)	47,894	(3,891)
Mortgage-backed securities	—	—	27,297	(4,077)	27,297	(4,077)
U.S. government agency securities	—	—	5,596	(344)	5,596	(344)
Total restricted investments	726	(6)	153,586	(12,262)	154,312	(12,268)
Total investments and restricted investments	\$ 1,611	\$ (132)	\$ 207,793	\$ (16,212)	\$ 209,404	\$ (16,344)

	December 31, 2025					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses	Recorded Basis	Gross Unrealized Losses
Investments:						
Corporate bonds	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 26,394	\$ (1,238)	\$ 26,394	\$ (1,238)
U.S. treasuries	—	—	13,627	(634)	13,627	(634)
Mortgage-backed securities	—	—	9,148	(2,026)	9,148	(2,026)
U.S. government agency securities	—	—	5,267	(42)	5,267	(42)
Asset-backed securities	—	—	1,302	(63)	1,302	(63)
Total investments	—	—	55,738	(4,003)	55,738	(4,003)
Restricted investments:						
Corporate bonds	100	—	73,745	(3,876)	73,845	(3,876)
U.S. treasuries	729	(1)	47,313	(3,766)	48,042	(3,767)
Mortgage-backed securities	—	—	26,916	(4,000)	26,916	(4,000)
U.S. government agency securities	—	—	5,611	(336)	5,611	(336)
Total restricted investments	829	(1)	153,585	(11,978)	154,414	(11,979)
Total investments and restricted investments	\$ 829	\$ (1)	\$ 209,323	\$ (15,981)	\$ 210,152	\$ (15,982)

We have determined that the gross unrealized losses on our investments as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 were temporary in nature. The decline in fair value was due to changes in market interest rates, rather than credit losses.

Note 3 – Workers’ Compensation Claims Costs

Workers’ Compensation Claims Liabilities

The following table summarizes the aggregate workers’ compensation reserve activity (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Beginning balance		
Workers’ compensation claims liabilities	\$ 108,584	\$ 128,446
Add: claims expense incurred		
Current period	3,700	3,328
Prior periods	(1,064)	(3,782)
Total claims expense incurred	2,636	(454)
Less: claim payments related to		
Current period	2,062	1,178
Prior periods	5,842	5,520
Total claim payments	7,904	6,698
Change in claims incurred in excess of retention limits	(1,506)	(66)
Ending balance		
Workers’ compensation claims liabilities	\$ 101,810	\$ 121,228

The Company provided a total of \$101.8 million and \$108.6 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, as the estimated future liability for unsettled workers’ compensation claims liabilities. Of this amount, \$8.2 million and \$9.7 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, represent case reserves and IBNR in excess of the Company’s retention. The accrual for costs incurred in excess of retention is offset by a receivable from insurance carriers of \$8.2 million and \$9.7 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, which is included in other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Insured program

The Company provides workers’ compensation coverage for client employees primarily through arrangements with fully licensed, third-party insurers (the “insured program”). Under this program, carriers issue policies or afford coverage to the Company’s clients under a program maintained by the Company. Approximately 86% of the Company’s workers’ compensation exposure is covered through the insured program.

The Company maintains a fully insured arrangement for its insured program, whereby third-party insurers assume substantially all risk of loss for claims incurred under the program. This fully insured arrangement covers claims incurred between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2026.

The Company’s fully insured policies allow for return premiums if claims develop favorably, ranging from \$20.0 million to \$30.0 million, depending on the policy period. For the policy period beginning July 1, 2021, BBSI can incur additional premiums up to \$7.5 million if claims develop adversely. For all other policy years, no additional premiums can be charged based on claim performance.

Premiums incurred but not paid are recorded as either current or long-term premium payable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets based on the expected timing of the payments.

For claims incurred under the insured program prior to July 1, 2021, the Company retains risk of loss up to the first \$3.0 million per occurrence on policies issued after June 30, 2020 and \$5.0 million per occurrence on policies issued before that date.

Claim obligations for policies issued under the insured program between February 1, 2014 and June 30, 2018 were removed through loss portfolio transfers in 2020 and 2021.

The following is a summary of the risk retained by the Company under its insured program after considering the effects of the loss portfolio transfers and current insurance arrangements:

Year	Claims risk retained
2017	No
2018	No
2019	Yes
2020	Yes
2021 - Through June 30	Yes
2021 - July 1 and after	No
2022	No
2023	No
2024	No
2025	No
2026	No

The Company is required to maintain minimum collateral levels for certain policies issued under the insured program, which is held in a trust account (the “trust account”). The balance in the trust account was \$189.5 million and \$175.3 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. The trust account balance is included as a component of the current and long-term restricted cash and investments in the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Self-insured programs

The Company is a self-insured employer with respect to workers’ compensation coverage for all employees, including employees of PEO clients that elect to participate in our workers’ compensation program, working in Colorado, Maryland, Ohio, and Oregon. In the state of Washington, state law allows only the Company’s staffing services and internal management employees to be covered under the Company’s self-insured workers’ compensation program. The Company also operates a wholly owned, fully licensed insurance company, Ecole, which provides workers’ compensation coverage to client employees working in Arizona and Utah. Approximately 14% of the Company’s workers’ compensation exposure is covered through self-insurance or Ecole (the “self-insured programs”).

For all claims incurred under the Company’s self-insured programs, the Company retains risk of loss up to the first \$3.0 million per occurrence, except in Maryland and Colorado, where the Company’s retention per occurrence is \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. For claims incurred under the Company’s self-insured programs prior to July 1, 2020, the Company retains risk of loss up to the first \$5.0 million per occurrence, except in Maryland and Colorado, where the retention per occurrence is \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

The states of California, Maryland, Oregon, Washington, Colorado and Delaware required the Company to maintain collateral totaling \$52.1 million at each of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 to cover potential workers’ compensation claims losses related to the Company’s current and former status as a self-insured employer. At March 31, 2026, the Company provided surety bonds totaling \$52.1 million.

Note 4 - Revolving Credit Facility

The Company maintains an agreement (the “Agreement”) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (the “Bank”) for a revolving credit line of \$50.0 million and a sublimit for standby letters of credit of \$25.0 million. Advances under the revolving credit line bear interest, as selected by the Company, of (a) the daily Simple Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”) plus 1.75% or (b) one-month Term SOFR plus 1.75%. The Agreement also provides for an unused commitment fee of 0.30% per year on the average daily unused amount of the revolving credit line, as well as a fee of 1.75% of the face amount of each letter of credit reserved under the line of credit. The Company had no outstanding borrowings on its revolving credit line at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The credit facility is collateralized by the Company’s accounts receivable and other rights to receive payment. The revolving credit facility will mature on August 1, 2028, unless extended.

The Agreement requires the satisfaction of certain financial covenants as follows:

- adjusted free cash flow [net profit after taxes plus interest expense (net of capitalized interest), depreciation expense, and amortization expense, less dividends/distributions] not less than \$10 million as of each fiscal quarter end, determined on a rolling 4-quarter basis; and
- tangible net worth [aggregate of total stockholders' equity plus subordinated debt less any intangible assets and less any loans or advances to, or investments in, any related entities or individuals] not less than \$50 million at each fiscal quarter end.

The Agreement imposes certain additional restrictions unless the Bank provides its prior written consent as follows:

- incurring additional indebtedness is prohibited, other than purchase financing for the acquisition of assets, provided that the aggregate of all purchase financing does not exceed \$1 million at any time;
- the Company may not terminate or cancel any of the AICE policies; and
- if an event of default occurs, and is continuing, including on a pro forma basis, no dividends or distributions would be permitted to be paid and redemptions and repurchases of the Company's stock would be permitted only up to \$15 million in any rolling 12-month period.

The Agreement also contains customary events of default and specified cross-defaults under the Company's workers' compensation insurance arrangements. If an event of default under the Agreement occurs and is continuing, the Bank may declare any outstanding obligations under the Agreement to be immediately due and payable. At March 31, 2026, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

Note 5 – Income Taxes

Under ASC 740, "Income Taxes," management evaluates the realizability of the deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis under a "more-likely-than-not" standard. As part of this evaluation, management reviews all evidence both positive and negative to determine if a valuation allowance is needed. One component of this analysis is to determine whether the Company was in a cumulative loss position for the most recent 12 quarters. The Company was in a cumulative income position for the 12 quarters ended March 31, 2026. At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company had not recorded a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets.

The Company is subject to income taxes in U.S. federal and multiple state and local tax jurisdictions. The Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") examined the Company's federal tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2017 through 2021 and issued notices of disallowance for certain wage-based tax credits claimed by the Company. The Company filed petitions in the United States Tax Court (the "Tax Court") challenging the IRS's determinations.

On March 30, 2026, the Tax Court issued a decision granting the IRS's motion for partial summary judgment and denying the Company's motion for partial summary judgment with respect to the Company's claims for wage-based tax credits for tax years 2017 through 2020.

As a result of the Tax Court's decision, the Company recorded charges of \$8.6 million of additional income tax expense and \$4.1 million of related interest during the first quarter of 2026. The net impact of these charges, after considering the associated tax benefit on interest, resulted in an \$11.6 million increase in net loss. These charges were recorded within provision for (benefit from) income taxes on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and relate to the tax years addressed by the Tax Court's decision, as well as tax years 2021 and 2022, which represent the remaining periods of the Company's potential exposure related to wage-based tax credits. The Company did not record penalties related to these matters, which are approximately \$1.8 million for the tax years covered by the Tax Court's decision, as the Company believes that the position involves novel legal issues for which penalties should not apply.

The Company disagrees with the Tax Court's decision and is continuing to evaluate the available legal options, including any rights to appeal. The Company does not expect the decision to have an effect on its current business operations or services provided to clients.

In the major jurisdictions where it operates, the Company is generally no longer subject to income tax examinations by tax authorities for tax years before 2017. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, total gross unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest and penalties, of \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized in future periods.

A portion of the consolidated income the Company generates is not subject to state income tax. Depending on the percentage of this income as compared to total consolidated income, the Company's state effective tax rate could fluctuate from expectations.

At March 31, 2026, the Company had no operating loss carryforwards or tax credit carryforwards.

Note 6 – Litigation

BBSI is subject to legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business. There are significant uncertainties surrounding such litigation. In consideration of these factors, management recorded estimated liabilities totaling \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, within other accrued liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Note 7 – Subsequent Events

We have evaluated events and transactions occurring after the balance sheet date through our filing date and noted no events that are subject to recognition or disclosure.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

Company Background Barrett Business Services, Inc. ("BBSI," the "Company," "our" or "we"), is a leading provider of business management solutions for small and mid-sized companies. The Company has developed a management platform that integrates a knowledge-based approach from the management consulting industry with tools from the human resource outsourcing industry. This platform, through the effective leveraging of human capital, helps our business owner clients run their businesses more effectively. We believe this platform, delivered through a decentralized organizational structure, differentiates BBSI from our competitors. BBSI was incorporated in Maryland in 1965.

Business Strategy Our strategy is to align local operations teams with the mission of small and mid-sized business owners, driving value to their business. To do so, BBSI:

- partners with business owners to leverage their investment in human capital through a high-touch, results-oriented approach;
- brings predictability to each client organization through a three-tiered management platform; and
- enables business owners to focus on their core business by reducing organizational complexity and maximizing productivity.

Business Organization We operate a decentralized delivery model using operationally focused business teams, typically located within 50 miles of our client companies. These teams are led by experienced business generalists and include senior-level professionals with expertise in human resources, organizational development, risk mitigation and workplace safety, recruiting, employee benefits, and various types of administration, including payroll. These teams are responsible for growth and profitability of their operations, and for providing strategic leadership, guidance and expert consultation to our client companies. The decentralized structure fosters autonomous decision-making in which business teams deliver plans that closely align with the objectives of each business owner client.

Services Overview BBSI's core purpose is to advocate for business owners, particularly in the small and mid-sized business sector. Our evolution from an entrepreneurially run company to a professionally managed organization has helped to form our view that all businesses experience inflection points at key stages of growth. The insights gained through our own growth, along with the trends we see in working with more than 8,200 companies each day, define our approach to guiding business owners through the challenges associated with being an employer. BBSI's business teams align with each business owner client through a structured three-tiered progression. In doing so, business teams focus on the objectives of each business owner and deliver planning, guidance and resources in support of those objectives.

Tier 1: Tactical Alignment

The first stage focuses on the mutual setting of expectations and is essential to a successful client relationship. It begins with a process of assessment and discovery in which the business owner's business objectives, philosophies, and culture are aligned with BBSI's processes, controls and culture. This stage includes an implementation process, which addresses the administrative components of employment.

Tier 2: Dynamic Relationship

The second stage of the relationship emphasizes organizational development as a means of achieving each client's business objectives. There is a focus on process improvement, development of best practices, supervisor training and leadership development.

Tier 3: Strategic Counsel

With an emphasis on advocacy on behalf of the business owner, the third stage of the relationship is more strategic and forward-looking with a goal of cultivating an environment in which all efforts are directed by the mission and long-term objectives of the business owner.

In addition to serving as a resource and guide, BBSI can provide workers' compensation coverage as a means of meeting statutory requirements and protecting our clients from employment-related injury claims. Through our third-party administrators, we provide claims management services for our clients. We work to manage and reduce job injury claims, identify fraudulent claims and structure optimal work programs, including modified duty.

BBSI also offers employee benefit programs to our clients. The benefit programs available to our clients include medical, dental and vision plans, flexible spending accounts and health savings accounts, life insurance and voluntary accident coverage, and critical illness and disability coverage, among others. These employee benefit programs are offered through fully insured arrangements with third-party carriers and are designed to provide strategic value to our clients through access to best-in-class plans and service.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth the percentages of total revenues represented by selected items in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (\$ in thousands):

	Percentage of Total Net Revenues			
	Three Months Ended			
	2026		2025	
Revenues:				
Professional employer services	\$ 292,997	95.4 %	\$ 274,926	94.0 %
Staffing services	14,008	4.6	17,640	6.0
Total revenues	307,005	100.0	292,566	100.0
Cost of revenues:				
Direct payroll costs	10,482	3.4	13,306	4.5
Payroll taxes	174,096	56.7	169,390	57.9
Benefit costs	27,448	8.9	17,616	6.0
Workers' compensation	51,794	16.9	49,630	17.0
Total cost of revenues	263,820	85.9	249,942	85.4
Gross margin	43,185	14.1	42,624	14.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	47,480	15.5	44,838	15.3
Depreciation and amortization	2,173	0.7	1,958	0.7
Loss from operations	(6,468)	(2.1)	(4,172)	(1.4)
Other income, net	2,030	0.7	2,634	0.9
Loss before income taxes	(4,438)	(1.4)	(1,538)	(0.5)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	10,365	3.4	(517)	(0.2)
Net loss	\$ (14,803)	(4.8) %	\$ (1,021)	(0.3) %

During the first quarter of 2026, the Company recorded tax-effected charges of \$11.6 million related to the disallowance of certain wage-based tax credits claimed in prior years. This charge was recorded within provision for (benefit from) income taxes on our condensed consolidated statements of operations. We have excluded this charge from our non-GAAP measures as it relates to prior periods and is not indicative of our current or future operational performance. See "Note 5 – Income Taxes" to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of Part I of this report for additional information.

The reconciliation of net loss and diluted loss per share to non-GAAP net loss and non-GAAP diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2026 is shown in the table below (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	(Unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31, 2026	
	Net Loss	Diluted Loss Per Share
	GAAP net loss	\$ (14,803)
Non-recurring tax adjustment	11,565	0.46
Non-GAAP net loss	<u>\$ (3,238)</u>	<u>\$ (0.13)</u>
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding		25,031

We report PEO revenues net of direct payroll costs because we are not the primary obligor for wage payments to our clients' employees. However, management believes that gross billings and wages are useful in understanding the volume of our business activity and serve as an important performance metric in managing our operations, including the preparation of internal operating forecasts and establishing executive compensation performance goals. We therefore present for purposes of analysis gross billings and wage information for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025.

	(Unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
(in thousands)		
Gross billings	\$ 2,161,271	\$ 2,088,669
PEO and staffing wages	\$ 1,864,665	\$ 1,809,468

In monitoring and evaluating the performance of our operations, management also reviews the following ratios, which represent selected amounts as a percentage of gross billings. Management believes these ratios are useful in understanding the efficiency and profitability of our service offerings.

	(Unaudited) Percentage of Gross Billings Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	PEO and staffing wages	86.3%
Payroll taxes	8.1%	8.1%
Benefit costs	1.2%	0.9%
Workers' compensation	2.4%	2.4%
Gross margin	2.0%	2.0%

We refer to employees of our PEO clients as worksite employees (“WSEs”). Management reviews average and ending WSE growth to monitor and evaluate the performance of our operations. Average WSEs are calculated by dividing the number of unique individuals paid in each month by the number of months in the period. Ending WSEs represents the number of unique individuals paid in the last month of the period.

	(Unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2026	Year-over-year % Growth	2025	Year-over-year % Growth
Average WSEs	134,993	1.9%	132,459	7.6%
Ending WSEs	135,596	1.4%	133,699	7.1%

Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

Net loss for the first quarter of 2026 amounted to \$14.8 million compared to net loss of \$1.0 million for the first quarter of 2025. Diluted net loss per share for the first quarter of 2026 was \$0.59 compared to diluted net loss per share of \$0.04 for the first quarter of 2025.

Revenue for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$307.0 million, an increase of \$14.4 million or 4.9% over the first quarter of 2025, which reflects an increase in the Company’s PEO services revenue of \$18.1 million or 6.6% and a decrease in staffing services revenue of \$3.6 million or 20.6%.

The increase in PEO services revenue was primarily attributable to a 1.9% increase in the average number of WSEs as well as a 1.7% increase in average billing per WSE per day.

Gross margin for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$43.2 million or 14.1% of revenue compared to \$42.6 million or 14.6% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The decrease in gross margin as a percentage of revenues is primarily a result of the factors discussed within the separate components of gross margin below.

Direct payroll costs for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$10.5 million or 3.4% of revenue compared to \$13.3 million or 4.5% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The decrease in direct payroll costs as a percentage of revenues was primarily due to a decrease in staffing services within the mix of our customer base compared to the first quarter of 2025.

Payroll taxes for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$174.1 million or 56.7% of revenue compared to \$169.4 million or 57.9% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The decrease in payroll taxes as a percentage of revenue in the first quarter of 2026 was primarily due to a higher mix of revenue attributable to PEO client benefits coverage, which is not subject to payroll taxes.

Benefit costs for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$27.4 million or 8.9% of revenue compared to \$17.6 million or 6.0% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The increase in benefit costs as a percentage of revenue was primarily due to expanded adoption of our PEO client benefit programs, as well as an increase in health insurance premium rates.

Workers’ compensation expense for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$51.8 million or 16.9% of revenue compared to \$49.6 million or 17.0% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The slight decrease in workers’ compensation expense as a percentage of revenue was primarily attributable to lower workers’ compensation costs in the first quarter of 2026, which included favorable prior year liability and premium adjustments of \$1.1 million, compared to favorable prior year liability and premium adjustments of \$3.8 million in the first quarter of 2025.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$47.5 million or 15.5% of revenue compared to \$44.8 million or 15.3% of revenue for the first quarter of 2025. The increase of \$2.7 million in SG&A expense was primarily attributable to increased employee-related costs compared to the first quarter of 2025.

Other income, net for the first quarter of 2026 totaled \$2.0 million compared to other income, net of \$2.6 million for the first quarter of 2025. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in investment income in the first quarter of 2026.

Provision for income taxes for the first quarter of 2026 was \$10.4 million compared to benefit from income taxes of \$0.5 million for the first quarter of 2025. The increase was primarily due to additional tax expense and interest recorded during the quarter related to the disallowance of certain wage-based tax credits claimed in prior years. See “Note 5 – Income Taxes” to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of Part I of this report for additional information.

Fluctuations in Quarterly Operating Results

We historically have experienced significant fluctuations in our quarterly operating results, including losses or minimal income in the first quarter of each year, and expect such fluctuations to continue in the future. Our operating results may fluctuate due to a number of factors such as seasonality, wage limits on statutory payroll taxes, claims experience for workers’ compensation, demand for our services, and competition. Payroll taxes, as a component of cost of revenues, generally decline throughout a calendar year as the applicable statutory wage bases for federal and state unemployment taxes and Social Security taxes are exceeded on a per employee basis. Our revenue levels may be higher in the third quarter due to the effect of increased business activity of our customers’ businesses in the agriculture, food processing and forest products-related industries. In addition, revenues in the fourth quarter may be reduced by many customers’ practice of operating on holiday-shortened schedules. Workers’ compensation expense varies with both the frequency and severity of workplace injury claims reported during a quarter and the estimated future costs of such claims. Positive or adverse loss development of prior period claims during a subsequent quarter may also contribute to the volatility in the Company’s estimated workers’ compensation expense.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company’s cash balance of \$84.6 million, which includes cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, decreased \$41.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to a decrease of \$39.6 million for the comparable period of 2025. The decrease in cash at March 31, 2026 as compared to December 31, 2025 was primarily due to the factors discussed below.

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 amounted to \$22.1 million, compared to cash provided of \$5.2 million for the comparable period of 2025. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, net cash used in operating activities was primarily due to increased trade accounts receivable of \$45.0 million, net loss of \$14.8 million, increased prepaid expenses of \$10.8 million, decreased other accrued liabilities of \$9.2 million and decreased workers’ compensation claims liabilities of \$5.3 million, partially offset by increased accrued payroll and related benefits of \$25.1 million, increased premium payable of \$17.0 million, increased income taxes payable of \$10.3 million and increased payroll taxes payable of \$6.8 million.

Net cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 totaled \$3.3 million, compared to cash used of \$32.0 million for the comparable period of 2025. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, net cash provided by investing activities consisted of proceeds from sales and maturities of investments and restricted investments of \$10.4 million, partially offset by purchases of property, equipment and software of \$5.7 million.

Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$23.0 million, compared to cash used of \$12.8 million for the comparable period of 2025. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, net cash used in financing activities primarily consisted of repurchases of common stock of \$20.3 million and dividend payments of \$2.0 million.

The Company is required to maintain minimum collateral levels for certain policies issued under the insured program, which is held in a trust account (the “trust account”). The balance in the trust account was \$189.5 million and \$175.3 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. The trust account balance is included as a component of the current and long-term restricted cash and investments in the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheets.

See “Note 4 – Revolving Credit Facility” to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of Part I of this report for additional information regarding the Company’s credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Forward-Looking Information

Statements in this report include forward-looking statements, which are not historical in nature and are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, among others, discussion of economic conditions in our market areas, especially in California, and their effect on revenue levels; the competitiveness of our service offerings; the availability of certain fully insured medical and other health and welfare benefits to qualifying worksite employees; our ability to attract and retain clients and to achieve revenue growth; the effect of changes in our mix of services on gross margin; labor market conditions, including the impact of AI and automation on workplace displacement; the adequacy of our workers' compensation reserves; the effect of changes in estimates of our future claims liabilities on our workers' compensation reserves, including the effect of changes in our reserving practices and claims management process on our actuarial estimates; expected levels of required surety deposits and letters of credit; the outcome of audits; the effect of our formation and operation of two wholly owned licensed insurance subsidiaries; the risks of operation and cost of our insured program; the financial viability of our excess insurance carriers; the effectiveness of our management information systems; our relationship with our primary bank lender and the availability of financing and working capital to meet our funding requirements; litigation costs; the effect of inflationary pressures or changes in the interest rate environment on the value of our investment securities; the adequacy of our allowance for expected credit losses; and the potential for and effect of acquisitions.

All our forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors with respect to the Company include: our ability to retain current clients and attract new clients; technology disruption, including the displacement of employees through the adoption of AI and automation by our clients; difficulties associated with integrating clients into our operations; economic trends in our service areas and the potential effects of changing governmental policies, including those related to immigration, tariffs, other trade policies, or climate regulation; risks to our business and the business of our clients arising from current or future tariffs or other trade restrictions, supply chain issues, changes in labor force, or geopolitical instability, including the war in Ukraine, conflicts in the Middle East, and the potential for future conflicts or disruptions in other parts of the world; natural disasters; the potential for material deviations from expected future workers' compensation claims experience; changes in the workers' compensation regulatory environment in our primary markets; PEO client benefit costs, particularly with regard to health insurance benefits; security breaches or failures in the Company's information technology systems; collectability of accounts receivable; changes in executive management; changes in effective payroll tax rates and federal and state income tax rates; the carrying values of deferred income tax assets and goodwill (which may be affected by our future operating results); the effects of inflation on our operating expenses and those of our clients; the impact of and potential changes to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, escalating medical costs, and other health care legislative initiatives on our business; the effect of changing monetary policy, interest rates and conditions in the global capital markets on our investment portfolio; and the availability of capital, borrowing capacity on our revolving credit facility, or letters of credit necessary to meet state-mandated surety deposit requirements for maintaining our status as a qualified self-insured employer for workers' compensation coverage or our insured program. Additional risk factors affecting our business are discussed in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, which was filed with the SEC on February 26, 2026. We disclaim any obligation to publicly announce any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates primarily relates to its investment portfolio and outstanding borrowings on its line of credit. The Company's investments and restricted investments, which are classified as available-for-sale, consist primarily of fixed-rate debt securities, the fair value of which fluctuates with prevailing interest rates. Our cash equivalents consist primarily of money market funds, which are not meaningfully impacted by interest rate risk. We attempt to limit our investment portfolio's exposure to market risk through low investment turnover and diversification. Based on the Company's overall interest exposure at March 31, 2026, a 50 basis point increase in market interest rates would have a \$3.0 million downward effect on the fair value of the Company's investment portfolio. Outstanding borrowings on the Company's line of credit bear interest at a variable market rate, which makes the cost of borrowing on the line of credit susceptible to changing interest rates. At March 31, 2026, the Company had no outstanding borrowings on its line of credit.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Our ICFR is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP.

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures" that are designed with the objective of providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and our management is required to apply their judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Based on their evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of March 31, 2026.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations

Control systems, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control systems' objectives are being met. Further, the design of any control systems must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of all controls must be considered relative to their costs. Due to the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Control systems can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Refer to “Note 6 – Litigation,” to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for information regarding legal proceedings in which we are involved.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors that were included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, which was filed with the SEC on February 26, 2026.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes information related to stock repurchases during the quarter ended March 31, 2026.

Month	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Shares Repurchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan ⁽²⁾	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Repurchased Under the Plan (in thousands) ⁽²⁾
Jan 1 - Jan 31, 2026	41,500	\$ 38.76	41,500	\$ 73,819
Feb 1 - Feb 28, 2026	—	\$ —	—	\$ 73,819
Mar 1 - Mar 31, 2026	659,426	\$ 28.05	659,426	\$ 55,325
Total	<u>700,926</u>		<u>700,926</u>	

⁽¹⁾ Average price paid per share includes commissions paid to our broker and excludes excise taxes incurred on share repurchases.

⁽²⁾ On August 4, 2025, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$100.0 million of the Company's common stock over a two-year period beginning August 4, 2025. As of March 31, 2026, the Company had repurchased 1,310,988 shares at an aggregate purchase price of \$44.7 million.

Item 5. Other Information

Trading Plans

During the quarter ended March 31, 2026, none of our directors or executive officers adopted or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or a “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” (as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\).](#)
- 31.2 [Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\).](#)
- 32* [Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.](#)
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document- the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 104 The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, has been formatted in Inline XBRL.

*Furnished, not filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BARRETT BUSINESS SERVICES, INC.
Registrant

Date: May 6, 2026

By: /s/ Anthony J. Harris
Anthony J. Harris
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Gary E. Kramer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Barrett Business Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most-recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2026

/s/ Gary E. Kramer

Gary E. Kramer
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Anthony J. Harris, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Barrett Business Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most-recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2026

/s/ Anthony J. Harris
Anthony J. Harris
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Barrett Business Services, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2026 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Gary E. Kramer
Gary E. Kramer
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Anthony J. Harris
Anthony J. Harris
Chief Financial Officer

May 6, 2026

May 6, 2026

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Barrett Business Services, Inc. and will be retained by Barrett Business Services, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.
